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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

10 Diane Barnes and Carl Barnes, }
11 Plaintiffs, } No. CV-11-2157-PHX-PGR
12 vs. }
13 TA Operating LLC, } ORDER
14 Defendant. }
15

16 In a complaint filed on November 1, 2011, the plaintiffs allege that the
17 Court has diversity of citizenship jurisdiction over this personal injury action
18 pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332.¹ Having reviewed the complaint, the Court finds
19 that the diversity-related jurisdictional allegations therein are patently insufficient
20 as a matter of law to establish the existence of subject matter jurisdiction. The
21 Court will therefore require the plaintiffs to file an amended complaint properly
22 stating a jurisdictional basis for this action. See 28 U.S.C. § 1653; see also,
23 Smith v. McCullough, 270 U.S. 456, 459, 46 S.Ct. 338, 339 (1926) ("The

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27 The complaint inexplicably alleges that the Court also has jurisdiction
28 over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 notwithstanding that it is clear from
29 the complaint that federal question jurisdiction has absolutely no applicability to
30 this action.

1 established rule is that a plaintiff, suing in federal court, must show in his
2 pleading, affirmatively and distinctly, the existence of whatever is essential to
3 federal jurisdiction, and, if he does not do so, the court, on having the defect
4 called to its attention or on discovering the same, must dismiss the case, unless
5 the defect be corrected by amendment.")

6 The jurisdictional allegation concerning the citizenship of the plaintiffs,
7 which is merely that they are "residents of Roscommon, Roscommon County,
8 Michigan," is facially deficient as a matter of law because it has long been
9 established that an allegation of residency does not suffice for purposes of
10 § 1332. See Steigleider v. McQuesten, 198 U.S. 141, 143, 25 S.Ct. 616, 617
11 (1905) ("It has long been settled that residence and citizenship [are] wholly
12 different things within the meaning of the Constitution and the laws defining and
13 regulating the jurisdiction of the ... courts of the United States; and that a mere
14 averment of residence in a particular state is not an averment of citizenship in
15 that state for the purpose of jurisdiction."); accord, Kanter v. Warner-Lambert Co.,
16 265 F.3d 853, 857-58 (9th Cir. 2001) (Plaintiffs' complaint ... state[s] that Plaintiffs
17 were 'residents' of California. But the diversity jurisdiction statute, 28 U.S.C.
18 § 1332, speaks of citizenship, not of residency. ... [The] failure to specify
19 Plaintiffs' state of citizenship was fatal to [the] assertion of diversity jurisdiction.")

20 The jurisdictional allegation concerning the defendant, which is merely that
21 it is "a Delaware Limited Liability Company authorized to do and doing business
22 in the State of Arizona as Petro Shopping Centers," is also facially deficient as a
23 matter of law inasmuch as the citizenship of a limited liability company for
24 purposes of § 1332 is the citizenship of each of its members. Johnson v.
25 Columbia Properties Anchorage, LP, 437 F.3d 894, 899 (9th Cir. 2006)

1 ("Notwithstanding LLCs' corporate traits, ... every circuit that has addressed the
2 question treats them like partnerships for the purposes of diversity jurisdiction. ...
3 We therefore join our sister circuits and hold that, like a partnership, an LLC is a
4 citizen of every state of which its owners/members are citizens.") Since the
5 complaint fails to set forth the citizenship of any member of the defendant limited
6 liability company, the Court will require the plaintiffs to specifically identity in their
7 amended complaint each LLC member by name, specifically allege the type of
8 business entity that any non-individual member is, and affirmatively allege the
9 state of citizenship of each member.²

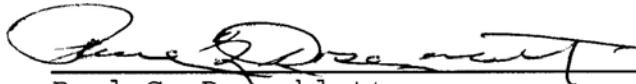
10 The plaintiffs are advised that their failure to timely or sufficiently comply
11 with this order will result in the dismissal of this action for lack of subject matter
12 jurisdiction. Therefore,

13 IT IS ORDERED that the complaint in this action is dismissed for lack of
14 subject matter jurisdiction.

15 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the plaintiffs shall file an amended
16 complaint properly stating a jurisdictional basis for this action no later than
17 **November 14, 2011.**

18 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the plaintiffs shall immediately provide a
19 copy of this order to any defendant already served with process.

20 DATED this 2nd day of November, 2011.

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23 Paul G. Rosenblatt
United States District Judge

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25 Since only a corporation or an individual may be a citizen for purposes
26 of § 1332 jurisdiction, the amended complaint must set forth any sub-layers of
partners or members the limited liability company may have.